



ALEXANDRIA.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 7.

It is understood that the Virginia Iron Ship-building Company have made a proposition to the city council to the effect that if the amount of their overdue taxes be reduced one half, they will pay that half by giving the city the Pioneer Mills, provided that in future that part of their property occupied by the Norton ship building company be entirely relieved of municipal taxation. It is also understood that such a proposition is being favorably considered, for the reason of a promise that the tax money, of the payment of which the company are thus to be relieved, will be used to extend the shops and operations of the Norton company. But it is also understood that this latter company has no reliance upon this promise, and no security for its fulfillment. If the latter understanding be correct, the city council would do well to reject the proposition referred to. The Pioneer Mills would be of no profit to the city, except the little that might accrue from the sale of the bricks of which they are built.

If the various projects afoot for the improvement of Alexandria—a more central local depot and hourly trains to Washington, the Mineral Railroad, a street car line, the Mt. Vernon avenue, ship yards, the investment of half a million in medium sized dwelling houses, and others that are talked about, materialize to any extent, the city will soon be on the high tide of prosperity. But Alexandrians cannot sit with their hands folded and expect other people to do all this for them. If they would see their hopes for the growth of their city realized, they must not only set the ball for that purpose in motion, but must keep rolling it. This is not the age for people to sit still and have others pour money into their laps. There is plenty of money in Alexandria upon which to make or to double fortunes if properly invested here.

THE CHARLESTON NEWS and Courier, being a representative newspaper of the so-called "New South," doesn't want Mr. Davis to go to Atlanta, lest his presence may be disagreeable to Mr. Cleveland. It says: "For our good name and out of a tender consideration for the sacred memories of the past, let Mr. Davis stay at home. He is not a man, a man, a man, he should be dragged away from Beauvoir to be carried around the ring in Atlanta." No, and in Atlanta Mr. Davis would not be half as much of a man as he is here. Mr. Cleveland will be. Richmond refuses to appropriate money for laying the corner stone of the Lee monument, and Atlanta has not invited Mr. Davis to her fair. No wonder many Southern people have moved North.

THERE is hardly a city in the country of the population of Alexandria that has not a profitable street car line in operation. One was tried here once, but the population was not as large as it is now; the depot of the Washington railroad was in the center of the city, and the cars only ran on one street. Under the existing more favorable conditions, with more extended service, and when construction and equipment are cheaper, why one should not pay now remains to be told.

MRS. CLEVELAND was perfectly right in declining the invitation to present flags to the fire department of New York. And those who report that invitation without inviting her husband to accompany her have been taught a lesson in manners which it is hoped they, and others equally as deficient in the courtesies of life, may not forget.

THE RICHMOND Dispatch says: "The people of Virginia will 'gang their ain gang.' Well, if by that 'gang' is meant repudiation, free whisky, and a high duty on the necessities of life, the sooner it is changed the better."

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Special Correspondence of the Alex. Gazette.) WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 7, 1887. Lively times are expected at the opening of the next session of Congress. It is openly said here by the tariff democrats that Mr. Carlisle's election to the Speakership of the next House is by no means certain, that only nine democratic votes are required to elect an opposition candidate, and that if the question of the tariff be made an issue in the organization of the House the republicans will unite with the tariff democrats, if the latter put up a candidate and can get that many democratic votes, and will supply the remainder. Mr. Randall is very bold and defiant. Up to noon to day he had not seen the President, nor had he been invited to do so, and he said he did not intend to fish for an invitation. He did say that while here he intended to call at the White House and pay his respects to the President, but that he would not go to Oak View uninvited. As the President was not at the White House to day, it is not probable the respects were paid, as it was Mr. Randall's intention to return to Philadelphia this afternoon. Up to this time Mr. Randall has not been consulted about the revenue bill which the President, Secretary Fairchild, Mr. Carlisle, Mr. Mills, Mr. Scott and other tariff reformers are now reported to be formulating, but his friends say that when it shall be completed it will probably be shown to him out of courtesy, but with no intention of having it modified by his suggestions.

Mr. A. B. Hurt, of Mississippi, who is a candidate for the position of doorkeeper of the U. S. House of Representatives, says he is assured of the votes of 86 members—a majority—for the democratic nomination for that place.

There are only eight democrats in the Pennsylvania Congressional delegation. Of these, five are tariff reformers, two of whom,

Messrs. Buckalew and Maish, are almost free traders.

In reference to the published report that he intends to resign on account of strained relations between Secretary Bayard and himself, Assistant Secretary of State Porter to-day said that there had been no agreement of any kind, but that he had contemplated resigning for some time on account of the ill health of his wife. While he has had the matter under consideration for several weeks he had not yet decided as to any determination.

Mr. Barbour says his recent trip to West Virginia was to see the mines and railroad of ex Senator Davis, of that State, and to consult with that gentleman about a connection of his road with the Manassas branch of the Virginia Midland Railroad, so as to make Alexandria a coal shipping port. The citizens of Wytheville, Virginia, sent an invitation to President Cleveland to stop in their town on his way to or from Atlanta and request Mr. Barbour to present it. Mr. Barbour drove three times to the White House to do so, but as the President was not there either time, he was compelled to forward it to him at Oak View.

Miss Annie Russell, of Mecklenburg county, Virginia, was to-day appointed to a \$900 place in the Interior Department. This appointment was made through the influence of Senator Daniel.

A letter was received at the Treasury Department to-day from General Beveridge, President of the International Military Encampment at Chicago, stating that certain troops from Denmark, Sweden, Norway and Belgium, will arrive at New York per "Heckla," "Christian," and "Rotterdam" about the 28th inst., on route to Chicago and that they will leave New York Oct. 22, on their return home. Acting Secretary Thompson has conveyed this information to the collector at New York with instructions to allow free entry of the baggage and effects of the visiting soldiers.

It is reported to-day that the Chinese minister here has become satisfied with the character and financial standing of Count Mitkiewicz and has approved his character. The count called upon acting Secretary of State Porter to-day and presented to him in behalf of the Chinese Viceroy a photograph of his official.

A well-informed democratic politician from New York here to-day says the labor vote in this State this fall will number at least one hundred and fifty thousand, and that nearly all of it will come from the democratic party.

Representative Wise, of Virginia, who is now in California, writes that he will return about the 20th inst., and will at once enter actively upon the work of the democratic campaign in Virginia.

Mr. Jordan W. Lambert, of the Lambert Pharmacy, of St. Louis, is the general superintendent of the exposition at the Medical Congress here. His display of listerine, hydragyna and mentholated camphor is the most elaborate in the whole exhibition.

The fifth lot of proposals for the sale to the Government of undue 1 1/2 per cent bonds was opened to-day. The lowest offer was \$1.08 22 and the offerings were small.

The trustees of the public schools here are considering the advisability of the adoption of a rule prohibiting admission into these schools of any except the children or wards of actual residents of the city. Should this be done some of the pupils of the schools of this city will have to get their schooling in Alexandria.

Mr. Spencer and the B. & O. R. R.

Vice President Spencer, of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, was in New York for a short time yesterday. He spent some time at Drexel, Morgan & Co.'s. He was asked about the statement that he was Mr. Garrett's successor.

"It is premature," said Mr. Spencer. "But it is correct, Mr. Spencer?" "It is premature," replied Mr. Spencer. "Indeed, the very statement that Mr. Garrett intends to resign is premature."

"Is it incorrect?"

"It is premature," and that was all Mr. Spencer would say on the subject of his accession to the office. But he spoke freely to the effect that the loan was for the best interests of Baltimore and of the road, and he denied that the Pennsylvania would control the Baltimore and Ohio. In answer to the question whether it was possible that if enough shares of the Baltimore and Ohio stock were sold by the present holders and outside parties to enable the new holders to control the road, the present contract would be broken, Mr. Spencer replied that no such contingency was likely to arise, and that even if it did the terms of the present contract would be adhered to under all circumstances.

Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan was unusually reticent on the acceptability of Mr. Spencer as president, but from the fact that he spoke of Mr. Spencer's abilities and railroad capacities in the highest terms, it is generally inferred that he would not object to Mr. Spencer. It is stated that Mr. Edward Lauterbach, counsel for the syndicate, will proceed at once to make an investigation of the Baltimore and Ohio's condition, as provided for in the first clause of the preliminary contract. Besides the floating debt, it is believed the company has a bonded debt of \$55,000,000, and \$20,700,000 of bonds besides, secured by a like amount of bonds on branch roads and \$1,500,000 of East Side Railroad bonds. It is thought that Mr. Gould will not offer his price of three millions for the telegraph until he can buy at the same time the Postal, the Commercial Cable and all other competitors of the Western Union, and thus at one sweep destroy all competition and absolutely rule the telegraph field.

Mr. Spencer in another interview made the following additional statement: "What foundation," was asked, "is there for the statement that your road has passed into the control of the syndicate, of which Mr. Pierpont Morgan is the head, and how far will that control extend?" "The statement is absolutely without foundation. The syndicate does not want capital. It simply desires that the same relations shall exist between the Baltimore and Ohio and the other trunk lines that now obtain between, say the Pennsylvania Railroad and the Reading, and the Erie and the New York Central."

Mr. Spencer said that this had been distinctly reaffirmed yesterday morning in a conversation with Mr. Morgan. "Harmony and co-operation do not mean," he said, "the subordination of any one interest. The same syndicate practically funded the floating debt of the Erie Railway, and no subordination to New York Central power followed. The same bankers backed the Reading reorganization, but there has been no succumbing to Pennsylvania Railroad domination. In fact, both these companies, which were in far weaker positions than the Baltimore and Ohio, are stronger and much better able to protect their interests, develop their resources and serve the communities along their respective lines, by reason of their association with the strong moneyed powers of this country and England. The syndicate has the greatest interest now in the growth and progress of the Baltimore and Ohio, and to secure its growth and progress, absolute independence of other corporate predominance is essential, and the road must be worked in the interest of the cities and territory it reaches."

"This condition of harmony," he added, "is easily obtainable, and is as much in the interest of the Baltimore and Ohio as of any other line."

"There is no agreement or stipulation that the Reading and New Jersey Central contracts with the Baltimore and Ohio shall in any way be interfered with; in fact, they cannot be without the consent of all three corporations which are parties to them, as they are legal and binding upon all of them."

"There is no truth in the statement that \$4,000,000 of the Baltimore and Ohio obligations was lifted on September 1. No such amount was due, and there was no pressure upon the company at the time. The loan secured through the syndicate was for future use, and the proceeds will be used only as needed."

"It was stated that you would succeed to the presidency?"

"I have nothing whatever to say upon that subject. It will be time enough to discuss that when Mr. Robert Garrett signifies his determination to retire."

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The knights of labor had a demonstration in Winchester last night. There was a torch-light parade and an address.

The Indian students at Hampton will put in old St. John's Church there a fine window in memory of Pocahontas.

The majority of the delegates elected at the London primaries on Saturday last, favor Jno. F. Ryan for county representative, and John Kincheloe, of Fauquier, for floater.

The Echo is the title of a neatly printed paper, the publication of which has been commenced at Cape Charles with Mr. Frank Hollis as editor. It will be independent in politics.

D. R. Revely, late State treasurer, in an open letter in the Lexington Gazette, renounces his fellowship with the republican and his adhesion to the democratic party in the future.

Mr. William N. Craigbill, one of the oldest and best-known citizen of Jefferson county, W. Va., died at his residence in Charlestown yesterday morning in the eightieth year of his age.

The Kentucky officers finally got away from Lynchburg yesterday with Cones and Burks, the Lexington embezzlers, after their counsel had exhausted every recourse of law to effect their release.

A cavalry troop has been organized in Leesburg, with forty members, and named the Loudoun Cavalry. J. B. Beverly is captain, Edgar Burch first lieutenant and H. H. Russell second lieutenant.

The Grand Encampment I. O. O. F. of Virginia met in annual session in Norfolk, yesterday, with most of the grand officers present and a fair representation from the various encampments. The encampment was tendered a banquet last night.

Cabbage, the most profitable crop of the immediate section round Wytheville, is on the boom. H. Vernon has sold his crop of thirty-two acres, aggregating about six hundred thousand pounds, to a Memphis firm at 2 cents a pound, yielding him \$12,000.

The jury in the suit of Mahone against Riddleberg, at Woodstock, failing to agree, was discharged, and this case, as well as the \$1,000 suit, continued until the term beginning next January. The jury stood ten for the plaintiff and two for the defendant.

Gen. John Holmes Smith has been agreed upon as the democratic candidate for the State Senate from the district composed of Lynchburg and Campbell county, and if he can be induced to accept the nomination his acceptance will insure a democratic victory.

A lieutenant of a colored military company was arrested in Norfolk on Monday for obstructing the street and not allowing the High Constable to pass along. The arrested party was taken before the Mayor and fined for allowing his corps to obstruct the streets.

Scott district, Fauquier county, will be represented in the joint convention, which meets in Middleburg September 17th, by seven delegates, six of whom will go instructed to cast their ballots for John W. Kincheloe for floater for the counties of Loudoun and Fauquier.

The seventh annual session of the Grand Fountain of United Order of Free Reformers of the State of Virginia and jurisdiction belonging thereto opened, yesterday at Richmond. Delegates are in attendance from all sections of the State, and also from Washington, New York and other cities.

Miss Nannie P. Horsley, of Nelson county, has already collected about \$500 for the Lee Camp Soldiers' Home, at Richmond, which is now in successful operation, giving homes to a number of disabled Confederate soldiers. Miss Horsley's services have been warmly commended by the officers of the Home.

A colored child was burned to death in a cabin in Appomattox county a day or two since through the carelessness of its mother. She locked it up in the cabin while she went on an errand, and during her absence the house caught fire, and the child was burned to death before assistance could reach it.

The fast mail train from Richmond for West Point, when nearing Fair Oaks Station, on the Richmond, York River and Chesapeake R. R. on Monday, ran into a two mule team which was crossing the track, killing both mules, demolishing the wagon and so injuring the driver, a farmer named Terrell, that he died soon after reaching West Point.

Notwithstanding the refusal of the city council of Richmond to appropriate the \$15,000 asked for to decorate the streets, etc., on the occasion of the laying of the corner stone of the Lee monument, the executive committee say they will make the event a success, and enterprising private citizens have opened subscription lists to secure the necessary funds for the purpose.

Two fatal affrays occurred in Mecklenburg county, last week. Erasmus Wynn and a man whose name could not be learned became involved in a quarrel over a title to a piece of land, during which Wynn was shot three times, and it is thought fatally wounded. John Hendrick and Saml. Crowder, while engaged with others in a game of cards, had a dispute as to who was entitled to the stakes, thirty five cents, when hot words ensued. Crowder advanced upon Hendrick with a razor, when Hendrick shot him dead. Hendrick was arrested, as was also the party who shot Wynn.

A SECOND TERM.—In an interview with Mr. Ballard Smith, of the New York World, Mr. Cleveland said:

"It seems to be the universal belief that a President must desire a re-nomination. I cannot understand how any man who has served one term as President, could have a personal ambition to secure a second term with all its solemn responsibility, its harassing duties and its constant and grievous exertions upon his mental and physical strength. His consent, it seems to me, to accept a second term should rest only upon his sense of a solemn obligation as a citizen and in appreciation of his duty when called upon to bear his particular part of the burden of citizenship. This the office can have—at least it can have for me—no personal allurement. I hope my present term may be concluded with profit to the country, and with as few mistakes on my part as are incident to fallible human nature."

I suffered with rheumatism in the shoulder for months and the only thing I found that did me any good was Salivation Oil. It cured me and I recommend it to all sufferers with said disease. N. ULMAN.

1 Pearl st., Baltimore, Md.



TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Foreign News.

GENEVA, Sept. 7.—The session of the International League of Peace and Liberty terminated to-day. The League advocated the appointment of a permanent arbitration board for England and America, and requested the Swiss Federal Council to initiate a similar tribunal for European nations.

LONDON, Sept. 7.—A dispatch to the Standard from Sofia says that officials have arrested several adherents of ex Premier Radoslawoff, who is reported to have been arrested at Varna in consequence of the discovery of treasonable plots. The raising of the state of siege at Sofia will probably be postponed.

Heavy rain and hail storms have done much damage in Scotland and the north of England. Standing crops have been destroyed, rivers have overflowed their banks, and a portion of the Highland railway has been washed away.

The Times this morning asks whether it is too much to expect that the American Senate should in some way signify before hand its willingness to be bound by the decisions of the Fisheries Commission.

PARIS, Sept. 7.—It is reported that M. de Brazza will be recalled from the Congo on account of mismanagement. It is not likely that he will be reappointed.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Sept. 7.—By a railroad accident near Bathurst yesterday George Godin was killed and four others seriously hurt.

TEHERAN, Sept. 7.—Authentic information has been received that Ayub Khan reached the frontier of Afghanistan seven days ago. He entered the country, but was recognized and immediately driven back into Persia. He is now in the Ghayni district. It is expected that he will be recaptured shortly.

The Medical Congress.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—President Davis called the Congress to order at ten o'clock this morning. He again announced the change of programme for the general sessions of the Congress—from eleven to ten o'clock each day—made necessary by the pressure of business before the sections. He said that the failure of two of the essayists who had promised papers for the general sessions made it possible to curtail these sessions and have but one paper read each day. He announced that Prof. Unna, of Germany, would read his paper to-morrow and Dr. Blandford, of London, would read one on Friday.

Dr. Garnett, chairman of the Executive Committee, said that it had been learned that tickets to the banquet for Thursday night had been surreptitiously or improperly obtained by many persons who do not belong to the medical profession, and that the "humiliating experience" at the conversation on Monday evening had convinced the committee that more rigid arrangements for the banquet were necessary than had at first been contemplated. It had been determined, therefore, he announced, to cancel all outstanding invitations.

President Davis announced that the paper to be read to-day was by Prof. Semmola, of Naples.

Fires and Loss of Life.

BOSTON, Sept. 7.—The Maverick oil works at East Boston were burned this morning, and five men lost their lives in the fire.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Fire this morning badly damaged the two upper stories of the Erie Preserving Company's factory, on Ohio street. About two hundred and fifty girls were employed in the building, but all escaped uninjured. The loss, which will probably not exceed \$10,000, is covered by insurance.

A special from Tonawanda says Richard Hessler, a fireman on the propeller Burkhead, was burned to death in a fire in the boarding house of John Sullivan, on Webster street, early this morning. All the other boarders escaped with their lives, though some were hurt by jumping out of windows. Hessler was from Chicago.

LIMA, Ohio, Sept. 7.—A fire broke out at Rawson, a town of about a thousand inhabitants, northeast of this city, yesterday, and thirty five houses, together with a grain elevator and a number of stables, were destroyed. The Lake Erie and Western railroad track was burned so that traffic was delayed. It is impossible to give the loss, but it is estimated at \$75,000. All of the town south of the railroad was destroyed. There were no fatalities.

A Bloody Affray.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 7.—About a year ago Vanball Eastry, who was living in Amite county, Miss., returned to his native Parish of St. Helena where he secured work in Hurst's saw mill. Yesterday while Hurst was in the mill a man by the name of Swearingner, who was carrying a gun, came up and engaged in friendly conversation with him. A few minutes after they were joined by another man named Newman, who was also armed. As soon as Newman came up Swearingner turned to Eastry and said: "We have come from Mississippi to kill you," at the same time discharging both barrels of his gun in Eastry's body, but without killing him. Eastry ran into the mill, got his gun and riddled Swearingner with bullets, killing him instantly. Newman also fired, but missed, whereupon Eastry pursued him, unaware of the fact that both barrels of his gun were empty. Newman fled, and he pursued him for some distance, attempting to fire his gun, but dropped dead in the act. Newman, who is the only one living of the trio, is held for murder. He claims that he and Swearingner were land officers from Mississippi.

Attempted Wife Murder.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Early this morning an old German named Alois Proell, aged 60 years, attempted to murder his wife while she was asleep. He struck her sever-

al blows over the head, one of which laid open her skull. He believed he had killed her, and going direct to police headquarters surrendered himself. The woman is still alive but her recovery is doubtful. She had her husband arrested a few days ago on a charge of assaulting their daughter. He claimed it was a conspiracy and this is supposed to have led to his murderous attempt.

Mixed Schools.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 7.—The law abolishing separate schools for colored pupils in Ohio has been obeyed in some places by keeping the colored schools open as before, but designating them as branches or district schools. At Lebanon, Ohio, upon the opening of the schools the colored teacher found himself practically deserted, all his pupils having gone to the white schools for enrollment. The same thing happened at Oxford, Ohio, where white pupils have become displeased with the invasion and some have left the schools until the matter is settled.

Train Wrecked.

BORDENTOWN, N. J., Sept. 7.—Freight train No. 410 from Camden, on its way to South Amboy, was wrecked at Ernton, on the line of the Amboy division of the Pennsylvania railroad, at an early hour this morning, by the breaking of an axle. Thirteen loaded cars were demolished.

Prohibition Convention.

WORCESTER, Mass., Sept. 7.—The delegates to the State convention of the prohibitionists, which will meet to-day continue to arrive in large numbers and 1,000 delegates will probably take part in the deliberations. Some debate is looked for on some of the platform planks, notably the one relating to woman suffrage.

Catholic University.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 7.—The meeting of Catholic prelates to discuss plans for a Catholic University, took place at noon to-day. Cardinal Gibbons is in the chair. It is understood that Bishop Keane, of Richmond, will be rector of the university.

The B. & O. R. R.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan said to-day that there were no new developments about Baltimore and Ohio. The recent contract with the syndicate, he stated, had been ratified by the board of directors.

Thirty-three Cows Killed.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 7.—Thirty-three cows, belonging to John Clay, milkman, in Baltimore county, affected with pleuro-pneumonia were killed and buried yesterday. The State paid \$15 per head for them.

The Sharp Case.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—The sharp case has been adjourned until Tuesday September 13.

Republican Senatorial Convention.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.) MANASSAS, Va., Sept. 6, 1887.—The delegates elected to the republican Senatorial convention of the counties of Alexandria, Fairfax and Prince William met at Medford's Hall, in this place, to-day.

On motion of Lewis McKenzie, of Alexandria, Mr. Isaac P. Baldwin, of Prince William, the senior chairman, was elected chairman and Joseph L. Crupper, of Alexandria, appointed secretary.

Mr. Grady, of Alexandria, moved a committee on credentials, which was carried, and the chairman of the county committees appointed.

On motion of Mr. McKenzie the following committee was appointed on permanent organization: W. P. Graves, W. H. Lomax and Richard Windsor, of Alexandria; R. R. Farr, of Fairfax, and I. P. Baldwin, of Prince William.

The committee on permanent organization recommended Mr. I. P. Baldwin, of Prince William, as president and Mr. J. L. Crupper, of Alexandria, as secretary, which was unanimously carried.

Mr. Baldwin, on taking the chair, made a few brief and pertinent remarks.

On motion of Henry Drummond, of Alexandria, a recess was taken for ten minutes.

On motion of Mr. Graves, a committee on resolutions was appointed, as follows: R. R. Farr, of Fairfax county; Lewis McKenzie, of Alexandria; Wm. Wormley, of Alexandria county, and W. H. Lewis and I. P. Baldwin, of Prince William.

Mr. Farr, of Fairfax, moved that the majority rule be adopted in nominating a candidate, which was carried.

Messrs. I. P. Baldwin and J. V. Nash, both of Prince William, were placed in nomination, and a vote was taken with the following result: Baldwin—Fairfax 1000, Prince William 446, Alexandria city 625, Alexandria county 409; total 2483. Nash—Fairfax 600, Prince William 72, Alexandria city 493; total 1165. So Mr. Baldwin, having received a majority of all the votes cast, was declared the nominee, and the convention adjourned.

At the county convention, also held to-day, Mr. J. V. Nash was nominated for the House of Delegates.

DEFAULTER POLK NOT DEAD.—Several years ago Marsh T. Polk robbed the treasury of Tennessee of several hundred thousand dollars while serving as State treasurer. He fled, but was subsequently arrested and returned to Nashville. In due time he was reported to have sickened and died. His body was shipped from Nashville to Bolivar, Tenn., where it was buried. Now comes the news that one Gamble, a prominent citizen of Anniston, Ala., who has just returned home from an extended visit to the City of Mexico. He says while there he met Polk on the street and talked with him. He made further investigations and found Polk in business in that city. Gamble was well acquainted with Polk while he was treasurer of the State.

People who buy new books "By the Duchess" evidently do not know that the lady died several years ago. One of the greatest literary swindles of this age is the fraudulent use of the names of popular authors.

Give Us the Cream Balm a Trial.

This justly celebrated remedy for the cure of catarrh, hay fever, cold in the head, &c., &c., is obtained of any reputable druggist and may be relied upon as a safe and pleasant remedy for the above complaints, and will give immediate relief. It is not a liquid, snuff or powder, has no offensive odor and can be used at any time with good results, as thousands can testify, among them one of the attaches of this office—*Spirit of the Times* May 29, 1886.

THE ENTERPRISE MEAT CHOPPER is the

best; does not grind the meat, like other cutters, but CHOPS IT. It is useful for many purposes ALL THE YEAR ROUND in preparing chicken salad, leaf tea, mince meat, hash, &c. For sale by JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS, Alexandria, Va.

At a meeting of the democratic voters of Mountville, Sept. 3d, 1887, on motion of H. N. Rector, G. V. Dodd was called to the chair and F. Cole appointed secretary.

On motion H. N. Rector was elected delegate both to the county convention to be held in Leesburg Sept. 12th, and to the joint convention of Loudoun and Fauquier to be held in Middleburg on Sept. 17th, without any instructions.

G. V. Dodd was elected alternate.

The convention then adjourned.

G. V. Dodd, Chairman.

F. Cole, Secretary.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, September 7.—The stock market was decidedly weak this morning at the opening at concessions from yesterday's final figures of from 4 to 3 per cent. generally. The trading lacked the vim of the past few days, and further fractional losses were sustained in the early trading. Late in the hour the market became quiet and firmer. At 11 o'clock, however, the market was dull and steady, generally at small concessions from opening prices. Money quiet at 4 1/2.

WHOLESALE PRICES OF PRODUCE SEPTEMBER 7.

Flour, fine.....	\$2.25	@	2.50
Superfine.....	2.75	@	3.00
Extra.....	3.50	@	3.75
Family.....	4.10	@	4.40
Fancy brands.....	4.75	@	5.00
Wheat, Longberry.....	0.75	@	0.80
Fultz.....	0.74	@	0.78
Mixed.....	0.75	@	0.79
Fair Wheat.....	0.70	@	0.72
Damp and tough.....	0.60	@	0.68
Corn, white.....	0.54	@	0.56
Yellow.....	0.54	@	0.55
Corn Meal.....	0.55	@	0.56
Oats.....	0.45	@	0.50
Oats, new.....	0.28	@	0.33
Butter, Virginia prime.....	0.20	@	0.22
Common to middling.....	0.15	@	0.16
Eggs.....	0.11	@	0.12
Live Chickens.....	0.4	@	0.5
Veal Calves.....	0.40	@	0.60
Irish Potatoes per bushel.....	1.10	@	1.25
Onions.....	0.7	@	0.8
Dried Peaches, peeled.....	0.4	@	0.5
" " unpeeled.....	0.12	@	0.14
" Cherries.....	0.3	@	0.4
Dried A. Ham.....	9.24	@	9.34
Hacon-Hams, country.....	13.34	@	13.44
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